# Essentials of Pharmacology for Dentistry

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## **KD TRIPATHI MD**

Ex-Director-Professor and Head of Pharmacology Maulana Azad Medical College and associated LN and GB Pant Hospitals New Delhi



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EMCA House, 23/23B Ansari Road, Daryagani

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Phones: +91-11-23272143, +91-11-23272703, +91-11-23282021, +91-11-23245672 Fax: +91-11-23276490, +91-11-23245683 e-mail: jaypee@jaypeebrothers.com

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### **Branches**

202 Batavia Chambers, 8 Kumara Krupa Road, Kumara Park East,
 Bangalore 560 001, Phones: +91-80-22285971, +91-80-22382956, +91-80-30614073
 Tele Fax: +91-80-22281761 e-mail: jaypeebc@bql.vsnl.net.in

282 IIIrd Floor, Khaleel Shirazi Estate, Fountain Plaza
 Pantheon Road, Chennai 600 008, Phones: +91-44-28262665, +91-44-28269897
 Fax: +91-44-28262331 e-mail: jpmedpub@md3.vsnl.net.in

4-2-1067/1-3, Ist Floor, Balaji Building, Ramkote
 Cross Road, Hyderabad 500 095, Phones: +91-40-55610020, +91-40-24758498
 Fax: +91-40-24758499 e-mail: jpmedpub@rediffmail.com

1A Indian Mirror Street, Wellington Square
 Kolkata 700 013, Phone: +91-33-22451926 Fax: +91-33-22456075
 e-mail: jpbcal@cal.vsnl.net.in

 106 Amit Industrial Estate, 61 Dr SS Rao Road, Near MGM Hospital Parel, Mumbai 400 012, Phones: +91-22-24124863, +91-22-24104532, +91-22-30926896 Fax: +91-22-24160828 e-mail: jpmedpub@bom7.vsnl.net.in

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# Preface

With phenomenal growth of information on mechanism of action and clinical application of drugs as well as rapid introduction of new drugs, pharmacology, the science of drugs (medicines), has become increasingly important to all health professionals who prescribe/administer drugs. Practice of dentistry utilizes drugs as primary treatment modality as well as facilitator of dental procedures. Dentists may have to manage a medical emergency arising in their clinic. Moreover, many dental patients could be receiving other medication that may have orodental implications, or may interact with drugs prescribed by the dentist. As such, a broad knowledge of pharmacology with emphasis on certain aspects is needed by the dentist.

This book is divided into three sections. The first describes the general pharmacological principles with which all professionals involved in drug therapy must be conversant. The second on systemic pharmacology presents a brief account of drugs acting on various organ systems and used in the treatment of common disorders. Each chapter is systematically organised. The opening sentence defines the class of drugs, followed by their classification. The 'prototype' approach is followed by describing the representative drug of the class. Wherever applicable, the implications in dentistry are highlighted, such as drugs and diseases affecting postextraction haemostasis, dental procedures in patients on corticosteroid therapy or in diabetics, oral complications of cancer chemotherapy, conscious sedation in dentistry, etc. Management of medical emergencies like anaphylactic shock, seizures, angina, or asthmatic attack during dental treatment is outlined.

The third section mainly elaborates drugs which the dentists prescribe or administer themselves; but for the sake of continuity also includes other antimicrobials that they are unlikely to prescribe. The allocation of topics in sections two and three does not indicate water-tight distinction, which is impossible, but has been done with a view to focus attention on drugs that have greater relevance in dentistry. To mention a few, the application of analgesics and NSAIDs in dental pain, dental anaesthesia, role of each class of antimicrobials in orodental infections, prophylaxis of postextraction infection and endocarditis in patients at special risk, choice of antiseptics and antibiotics for control of dental plaque and periodontal disease are emphasized. A chapter on drug interactions has been included, highlighting those that may be encountered in dentistry. Leading trade names and dosage forms of drugs generally prescribed by dentists are mentioned distinctively. Thus, the book is oriented to provide essential pharmacological knowledge and understanding, and cater to the specific needs of dental students and practitioners.

I am indebted to my colleagues in pharmacology and dentistry for conceptual and clinical inputs that helped in orienting the book. The motivational influence of Shri J.P. Vij, CEO, Jaypee Brothers, was the main impetus for this book. The meticulous preparation of the manuscript and illustrations by Ms Sunita Katla, Mr Manoj Pahuja and Mr KK Raman is highly appreciated. The editorial support and cooperation of my wife is sincerely acknowledged.

5th June, 2005 KD Tripathi

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# List of Abbreviations

A T /TT /TTT	A		
	Angiotensin I/II/III		Body weight
	Amino acid	BZD	Benzodiazepine
	Antibody		
	Adenylyl cyclase		Decamethonium
ACE	Angiotensin II converting enzyme		Catecholamine
	Acetylcholine	CaBP	Calcium binding protein
AChE	Acetylcholinesterase	CAD	Coronary artery disease
	Adrenocorticotropic hormone		Calmodulin
	Alzheimer's disease		3', 5' Cyclic adenosine monophosphate
	Antidiuretic hormone		Capsule
	Adenosine diphosphate	CAse	Carbonic anhydrase
	Adrenaline		Colloidal bismuth subcitrate
	Atrial fibrillation		Calcium channel blocker
	Atrial flutter	CD	Collecting duct
	Antigen	cGMP	
AIDS	Acquired immunodeficiency syndrome	CGRP	Calcitonin gene-related peptide
	Aldosterone induced protein		Cholesterol
	Alanine		Cholinesterase
	Antimicrobial agent		Cholesterol ester
	Amphotericin B	CHF	Congestive heart failure
	Ampoule	CI	Cardiac index
AMP	Adenosine monophosphate		Clearance
ANC	Acid neutralizing capacity	CLcr	Creatinine clearance
	Autonomic nervous system	Clo	Clofazimine
AP	Action potential	CMI	Cell-mediated immunity
	Action potential duration	CMV	Cytomegalovirus
aPTT	Activated partial thromboplastin time	CNS	Central nervous system
	AIDS related complex	c.o.	Cardiac output
5-ASA	5-Amino salicyclic acid		Coenzyme-A <sup>r</sup>
Asc LH	Ascending limb of Loop of Henle	COMT	Catechol-O-methyl transferase
	Antithrombin III	COX	Cyclooxygenase
ATP	Adenosine triphosphate	CPS	Complex partial seizures
ATPase	Adenosine triphosphatase	CPZ	Chlorpromazine
	Atrioventricular	CRF	Corticotropin releasing factor
AVP	Arginine vasopressin	CSF	Cerebrospinal fluid
AZT	Zidovudine	CTZ	Chemoreceptor trigger zone
		CVS	Cardiovascular system
$B_{12}$	Vitamin B <sub>12</sub>		Cell wall deficient
BCNU	Bischloroethyl nitrosourea (Carmustine)		Cytochrome P450
BD	Twice daily		
	Benign hypertrophy of prostate	DA	Dopamine
BMD	Bone mineral density		Deoxyadenosyl cobalamin
	Basal metabolic rate		Diacyl glycerol
BP	Blood pressure	DCI	Dichloroisoproternol
BPN	Bisphosphonate		Desmopressin
BSA	Body surface area	DDS	
	Butyryl cholinesterase		Dihydroergotamine (2 up control
	* *		, 0

# **x** Abbreviations

DHFA	Dihydro folic acid	Н	Isoniazid (Isonicotinic acid hydrazide)
DHFRase	Dihydrofolate reductase		Highly active antiretroviral therapy
DHP	Dihydropyridine	Hb	Haemoglobin
	Diabetes insipidus		Human chorionic gonadotropin
DIT	Diiodotyrosine	HDL	High density lipoprotein
	Decilitre	5-HIAA	5-Hydroxyindole acetic acid
	Disseminated lupus erythematosus	HETE	Hydroxyeicosa tetraenoic acid
DMARD	Disease modifying antirheumatic drug	HIV	Human immunodeficiency virus
DMPA			Hydroxymethyl glutaryl coenzyme A
	Dimethyl phenyl piperazinium		Hypothalamo-pituitary-adrenal axis
	Deoxyribose nucleic acid	HPETE	Hydroperoxy eicosatetraenoic acid
	Desoxy corticosterone acetate		Hour
	Dihydroxyphenyl alanine		Heart rate
	Dioctyl sulfosuccinate	HRT	1 17
	Directly observed treatment short course	5-HT	3 3 3 1
	Dose-response curve	5-HTP	J J J I I
	Distal tubule	HVA	Homovanillic acid
a-1C	d-Tubocurarine	ICCII	Interestitial call atimuslating hormone
E	Ethambutol		Interstitial cell stimulating hormone Intermediate density lipoprotein
	Epsilon amino caproic acid		Insulin-like growth factor
	Extracellular fluid		Interleukin
	Electrocardiogram		Isoleucine
	Ethylene diamine tetraacetic acid		Intramuscular
	Electroencephalogram		Isonicotinic acid hydrazide
β-END			International normalized ratio
EPEC	. 1		Intraocular tension
EPO			Inositol trisphosphate
ERP		IPSP	
EPSP	Excitatory postsynaptic potential		Isoprenaline
ER		IU	International unit
ES	Extrasystole	i.v.	Intravenous
ESR			
ETEC	Enterotoxigenic E. coli	KTZ	Ketoconazole
Etm	Ethionamide	Ŧ.A	T 1 1 1 1
FA	Folic acid		Local anaesthetic
	5-Flucytosine		Low density lipoprotein
	Forced expiratory volume in 1 second		Lower esophageal sphincter
FFA			Leucine enkephalin Luteinizing hormone
FQ	Fluoroquinolone		Liquid
	Follicle stimulating hormone		Low molecular weight
	5-Fluorouracil		Lipoxygenase
		LSD	
	Gamma amino butyric acid		Leukotriene
GC	Guanylyl cyclase		
GDP	Guanosine diphosphate	MAC	Minimal alveolar concentration
GERD	Gastroesophageal reflux disease	MAC	Mycobacterium avium complex
g.f.r.	Glomerular filtration rate	MAO	Monoamine oxidase
GH	Growth hormone		Mitogen activated protein kinase
g.i.t.	Gastrointestinal tract	max	
GITS	1 ,	MBC MRI	Minimum bactericidal concentration
GLUT GnRH	Glucose transporter	MBL MDI	Multibacillary leprosy Manic depressive illness
G-6-PD	Gonadotropin releasing hormone	MDR	Manic depressive illness Multidrug resistant
GTCS	Glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase Generalised tonic-clonic seizures	MDT	
GTN	Glyceryl trinitrate	met-ENK	Methionine enkephalin
GTP	Guanosine triphosphate	mEq	milliequivalent
		9	- 1

Mf	Microfilariae	$PL_C$	Phospholipase C
MHC	Major histocompatibility complex		Penicillin G
MI	Myocardial infarction	POMC	Pro-opio melanocortin
	Minimal inhibitory concentration	PP	
	Minimum	PPARγ	Paroxysome proliferator-activated receptor γ
MIT	Monoiodo tyrosine		Postpartum haemorrhage
	Myosin light chain kinase	PPI	Proton pump inhibitor
6-MP	6-Mercaptopurine		Part per million
	Methicillin resistant Staphylococcus aureus	PPNG	Penicillinase producing N. gonorrhoeae
Mtx	Methotrexate		Prolactin
MW	Molecular weight	PSVT	Paroxysmal supra-ventricular tachycardia
			Proximal tubule
NA	Noradrenaline	PTCA	Percutaneous transluminal coronary
NABQI	N-acetyl-p-benzoquinoneimine		angioplasty
	Nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide		Parathyroid hormone
	phosphate	PTP	Post-tetanic potentiation
NADPH	Reduced nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide		
	phosphate	QID	Four times a day
NAG	N-acetyl glucosamine	_	7.6
	N-acetyl muramic acid		Rifampin (Rifampicin)
	Nonadrenergic noncholinergic	RAS	o ,
NaSSA	Noradrenergic and specific serotonergic	RBP	
	antidepressant		Rapid eye movement (sleep)
NEE	Norethindrone enanthate		Reversible inhibitor of MAO-A
	Nuclear factor of activated T-cell	riinin	Recommended international nonproprietary
	National leprosy eradication programme	DMD	name
	N-methyl-D-aspartate	RMP	Resting membrane potential Ribonucleic acid
	Nonnucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitor	RNTCP	
	Neuropeptide-Y	KNICP	_
	Nicotinic receptor	RP	Programme Refractory, period
	Non rapid eye movement (sleep)	RTF	Refractory period Resistance transfer factor
	Nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitor	KII	Resistance transfer factor
	Nonsteroidal antiinflammatory drug	S	Streptomycin
NIS	Nucleus tractus solitarius		Sinoatrial (node)
			Slow acting antirheumatic drug
	Oral contraceptive		Subacute bacterial endocarditis
	Obsessive-compulsive disorder		Subcutaneous
	Once daily		Succinylcholine
	Oral rehydration salt (solution)		Selective estrogen receptor modulator
ORT	Oral rehydration therapy		Second generation antihistaminic
DADA	D . 11		Sublingual
	Paraamino benzoic acid		Systemic lupus erythematosus
	Post antibiotic effect		Subacute myelo-optic neuropathy
	Pralidoxime	SNRI	
	Platelet activating factor		inhibitor
PAS	Paraamino salicylic acid	s.o.s.	as required
PBPs	Penicillin binding proteins	SPS	±
PBL PD	Paucibacillary leprosy Parkinsons's disease		Sustained release
PF	Purkinje fibre		Slow reacting substance of anaphylaxis
PG	Prostaglandin	SSRIs	Selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors
PGI <sub>2</sub>	Prostacyclin	susp	Suspension
PI	Protease inhibitor	SWS	Slow wave sleep
$PIP_2$	Phosphatidyl inositol-4, 5-bisphosphate	syr	Syrup
PKA	Protein kinase: cAMP dependent	,	•
PKC	Protein kinase C	t½	Half-life
$PL_A$	Phospholipase A	T <sub>3</sub>	Triiodothyronine
А	1 1	-3	

# xii Abbreviations

$T_4$	Thyroxine	U	Unit
tab	Tablet	UDP	Uridine diphosphate
TB	Tubercle bacilli	UFH	Unfractionated heparin
TCAs	Tricyclic antidepressants		1
TDS	Three times a day	V	Volume of distribution
TG	Triglyceride	VAL	Valine
6-TG	6-Thioguanine	VF	Ventricular fibrillation
THC	Tetrahydrocannabinol	Vit	Vitamin
THFA	Tetrahydro folic acid	VLDL	- Very low density lipoprotein
THR	Threonine	VMA	Vanillyl mandelic acid
TIAs	Transient ischaemic attacks	VRE	Vancomycin resistant enterococci
TNF-α	Tumour necrosis factor α	VRSA	Vancomycin resistant Staphylococcus aureus
t.p.r.	Total peripheral resistance	VT	Ventricular tachycardia
t-PA	Tissue plasminogen activator		•
TRH	Thyrotropin releasing hormone	WPW	Wolff-Parkinson-White syndrome
TSH	Thyroid stimulating hormone		•
TTS	Transdermal therapeutic system	Z	Pyrazinamide
TX	Thromboxane	ZE syndrome	Zollinger-Ellison syndrome